

Activity:

The aim of this activity is for children to practise using apostrophes of possession with singular nouns. There are three questions to complete. The first two questions allow children to practise the skill, while the third question extends them as they have to apply their learning to get the answer.

Vocabulary:

Nouns are naming words. It is a person, animal, thing or place.

A **possessive apostrophe** is used to show something belongs to someone or something. **Singular nouns** show possession using an apostrophe followed by an s, for example: the boy's football. Singular nouns which end in s follow the same rule, for example: the bus's wheel. **Plural nouns** which end in s show possession using an apostrophe after the s, for example: the girls' books.

Singular refers to a single noun. For example, 'child' is the singular form of 'children' as it refers to just one.

Plural refers to more than one noun. For example, 'buses' is the plural form of 'bus' as it refers to more than one. Most nouns have both a singular and a plural form.

Supporting resources:

You can watch the answer explanation video which takes children through this activity and ways to answer it on <https://www.youtube.com/user/ClassroomSecretsLtd/> **playlists** >> **Year 3 Playlist** >> **Apostrophes 2 Answer Explanation**.

Other resources:

If your child enjoyed this activity and wants to try more activities linked to this learning, you can sign up for £4.83 per month on classroomsecrets.co.uk/membership.

Check out our daily timetable for Year 3 home learning activities on kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk >> Home Learning Timetable.

Apostrophes 2

1. wizard's; enemy's
2. B
3. In sentence A, Daniel has put the apostrophe between the e and s, rather than after the s. In sentence B, he added a possessive apostrophe to the noun 'streets' when it is plural, not possessive.